

NOTICE OF MEETING

Scrutiny Review - Transition from Children to Adult Services

THURSDAY, 4TH FEBRUARY, 2010 at 13:00 HRS - RIVER PARK HOUSE CONFERENCE ROOM 7.

MEMBERS: Councillors Adje, Allison, Jones and Newton (Chair)

AGENDA

- 1. APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE [IF ANY]
- 2. ITEMS OF URGENT BUSINESS
- 3. MINUTES (PAGES 1 10)

To confirm and sign the Minutes of the meeting held on 10 December 2009 [attached]

4. DECLARATIONS OF INTERESTS

A member with a personal interest in a matter who attends a meeting of the authority at which the matter is considered must disclose to that meeting the existence and nature of that interest at the commencement of that consideration, or when the interest becomes apparent.

A member with a personal interest in a matter also has a prejudicial interest in that matter if the interest is one which a member of the public with knowledge of the relevant facts would reasonably regard as so significant that it is likely to prejudice the member's judgment of the public interest **and** if this interest affects their financial position or the financial position of a person or body as described in paragraph 8 of the Code of Conduct **and/or** if it relates to the determining of any approval, consent, licence, permission or registration in relation to them or any person or body described in paragraph 8 of the Code of Conduct

5. REPORT - CHILDREN AND YOUNG PEOPLE SERVICES - RESPONSE TO SUPPLEMENTARY QUESTIONS INCLUDING FINANCIAL RESPONSE (PAGES 11 - 28)

To consider the response from Children's & Young People Services, including financial response.

6. DATE OF NEXT MEETINGS

8TH February 2010 at 12:30 Civic Centre CR2 11th February 2010 at 14:00hrs Civic Centre CR2

7. NEW ITEMS OF URGENT BUSINESS

To consider any items admitted at item 2 above.

Ken Pryor Deputy Head of Local Democracy and Member Services 5th Floor River Park House 225 High Road Wood Green London N22 8HQ Sharon Miller Principal Scrutiny Support Officer Tel: 020 8489 2928 Fax: 020 8489 Email: Sharon.miller@haringey.gov.uk

Agenda Item 3

SCRUTINY REVIEW - TRANSITION FROM CHILDREN'S SERVICES TO ADULT SERVICES

MINUTES OF THE MEETING HELD ON 10TH DECEMBER 2009

Members Councillors: *Newton (Chair), *Adje, *Allison and Jones

- 1. **APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE** (Agenda Item 1): Apologies for absence received from Councillor Emma Jones.
- 2. URGENT BUSINESS (Agenda Item 2): None submitted.
- 3. **DECLARATION OF INTEREST** (Agenda Item 3): None notified.
- 4. SCOPING REPORT AND TERMS OF REFERENCE (Agenda Item 4):

5.0 The Panel considered the scoping report and terms of reference for the review. With regards to the scoping report, the panel's attention was drawn to the Council's local response to government's initiatives "Valuing People" (2001) and "Valuing People Now" (2007) which required services to be planned to enable people with learning disabilities to lead full and purposeful lives. Other initiatives include:

- Local commitments to developing services which are geared towards maintaining People's independence stemming from Our Health Our Care Our Say (2006);
- Children and Young People's Service Plan 2009-12 priories the need for an integrated approach to transition for vulnerable young people and those with learning difficulties and disabilities including mental health;
- The Haringey Youth Strategy identifies the need to support young people with disabilities in transition;
- National Transition Support Programme (2008) has been established by the Government to raise the standards of transition in all local areas; and
- Aiming High: Better Support for Disabled Children and their Families (May 2007) is the Government's transformation programme for disabled children services. Transition support is one of the identified work streams in the programme and emphasises the importance of joined up working and services centred on children and their families.
- 5.2 There were some overlap with similar objectives, however the quality of outcomes was the most significant issue, some services were provided through adult services and others through children services; it was important to ensure that vulnerable children did not fall through the gaps.
- 5.3 In response to a question regarding pooled budgets, it was noted that currently there were no joint arrangements for children with physical disabilities and mental health issues. There was joint procurement for the Primary Care Trust and the Mental Health Trust. Clients were identified at age 16 to ensure early identification of transition issues, consider options for meeting the needs of the client and also to ensure value for money in service provision.

- 5.4 It was noted that the Audit Commission viewed Haringey as a high spending borough on commissioning and in response to a question on the strategies taken by the Children & Young People Service (the Service) to address this, the panel learned that the Service used a method called the Funding Calculator tool and were considering a Pan-London approach as a further possible tool to assist in proactively managing the Learning Disabilities market. Haringey have also been successfully working with a company called OLM to help review some of its expensive Learning Disability placements and reduce costs.
- 5.5 It was agreed that this issue would be discussed in more detail at a future meeting of the panel when budgets and value for money issues would be discussed. Further details of the Funding Calculator can be found at: <u>www.southeastiep.gov.uk/</u>
- 5.6 Due to increasing demand and budget constraints there was a need to plan services effectively to ensure value for money.

6.0 **Definition of transition**

- 6.1 "The ¹ [transition] process must be individual to the needs and aspirations of each young person. It is a fluid process, spread out over a number of years, and often local options for young people are limited and support can be patchy and inconsistent. These challenges are compounded by young people's moves from one service to another at different ages. For example a disabled young person may move from paediatric to adult health care services at 16, then at 18 moves from children's to adult social care. This is alongside the transition stages in their education. Each of these transitions is likely to occur independently of each other, which means that young people and their families may repeatedly have to deal with new agencies and professionals, re-telling their story each time."
- 6.2 Young people who received children's services may continue to need services when they are adults. This will involve transferring responsibility for assessing needs and providing services from children's to adults' services. The process of transfer is referred to as 'transition'.
- 6.3 It was important that transition was viewed as a process and not just a single event. Implementing improved transition involves: recognition of the importance of the process; adequate consultation with professionals and users, flexibility in timing of transition; a period of preparation for the young person and family; information transfer; monitoring of attendance until the young person is established in the appropriate adult oriented service.
- 6.4 The Panel learned that nationally young people with complex disability present particular challenges because often there is no equivalent adult service able or willing to take on their long-term health care and medical supervision. There is a need to develop and ensure that a holistic approach to the transition of young people. However, there was recognition that sometimes they may fall through the net. The ADS Steering group were looking at developing a corporate model to address this.

¹ A Transition Guide for all Services – Department of Health, 2007

7.0 Personalisation agenda

- 7.1 Personalisation of services was defined as 'the way in which services are tailored to the needs and preferences of citizens' the overall vision is that the state should empower citizens to shape their own lives and the services they receive. This transformation in the way that services are shaped and provided is being compared with the changes which occurred with the introduction of the NHS Community Care Act 1990.
- 7.2 Personalisation varies from area to area but has the potential for services to solve problems together; this service could have a major impact on quality outcome for the individuals.
- 7.3 There has been a significant amount of national research carried out on Transition and this showed that the barriers to good transition outcomes included:
 - Delays because of transitional worker capacity and slow allocation to teams.
 - Limited monitoring and tracking
 - Insufficient strategic planning
 - Parents/carers feeling they have little information
 - The need for transition reviews and plans to be person centred.
 - Out of area placements
 - Lack of supported employment service and
 - Difficulties accessing activities.
 - Difficulties around funding.
- 7.4 Consultation with young people nationally shows that they want:
 - A job
 - To go to college
 - More independent living including housing, shopping, cooking
 - Managing money
 - Making friends through normal channels
 - A boyfriend/girlfriend
 - To be safe
 - To be in control
 - Emotional support
 - To be able to go out locally
 - To have some choices and
 - To know early what they need to do to achieve their goals.

8.0 Local Context – Summary of Transition Planning:

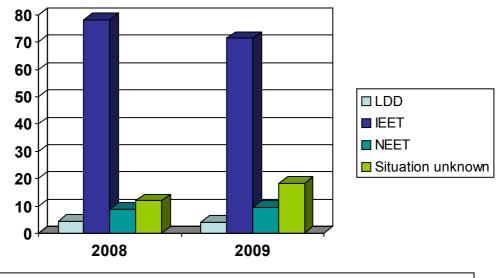
8.1 The panel was informed that children with Statements of Special Educational Needs (SEN), on School Action Plus and School Action, have their statements reviewed annually. The first annual review meeting focussing on transition planning occurred when the young person was in year 9 (14 years old). There were approximately 1,200 young people with statements. There was a good group of Special Educational Needs Co-ordinators (SENCOs) in the borough. 372 young people have a Transition Plan.

8.2 There are currently 92 young people with statements in the 14 – 19 yrs age range who have been identified as requiring adult services. The table below shows how clients are categorised.

	Numbers likely to require Adult Services	Numbers likely to require Mental Health Services/CAMHS	Joint Referrals (children who may require Mental Health and/or Adult Services)
Year 10			
Year 11	13		
Year 12	31		1
Year 13	32		
Year 14	8	3	4
Total	84	3	5

Total who may need adult services: 92

- 8.3 Members commented on the relatively small numbers of young people likely to require mental Health Services and were informed that whilst the numbers of young people diagnosed with mental health and likely to require mental health services are very small their needs are complex in addition, this group were likely to be diagnosed at a later stage.
- 8.4 Connexions monitor the destination routes of all young people leaving school. Data on those Not In Employment, Education and Training (NEET) is also produced annually and reducing this number is a priority for the Council. Data shows that the position of young people with Learning Difficulties and Disabilities (LDD) is improving.



Recent records show the improving situation in Haringey for young people with Learning Difficulties and Disabilities [LLD]

8.5 **Progress to date:**

With regards to progress made to date, the panel heard that Special Educational Needs handbook are in all schools this includes guidance on transition and sample transition plans including use of symbols to capture young people's views;

- Annual transition meeting for parents/carers to provide opportunities to hear about the process and meet key staff and providers; Opportunities fairs centrally and in schools increasingly offer more choices;
- All young people with statements of SEN have Transition plans which identify key actions, responsibilities and timescales;
- All Special Schools and Haringey Sixth Form Centre use Person Centre Plans;
- Monitoring of young people's involvement in reviews shows that the majority of young people attend their annual review. For many this requires significant support leading up to the review to ensure they are able to express their views about the hopes and wishes for the future. Communication aids and video evidence are available for young people with the most complex needs;
- The annual Powerful Voices conferences, Youth Council and targeted consultations with young people all provide opportunities for young people to comment on current processes and policy as it affects them and to influence future planning;
- There is a meaningful work experience programmes in place in mainstream and special schools for young people with LDD, including MENCAP Pathways, City Farm, A music club in Hackney, Marks and Spencer, The Roundhouse Cafe, a campaign group office for disabled people's rights and many others. Special Schools have used enterprise schemes to provide work experience for young people with complex needs and proceeds in one school are sent to their link schools in Africa.
- There is good up to date data on all young people with LDD from 14 yrs + including needs, education, health and social care provision and this is shared with adults to inform planning.
- The well established monthly multi agency 14+ transition panel which monitors and tracks young people in transition also fulfils a strategic role in terms of policy and procedures
- Joint protocol in place between Children with Disabilities (CwD) team and Adults Learning Disability Partnership (LDP)
- The restructuring of staff between CwD team and LDP created a transition team in LDP
- Haringey Sixth Form Centre offer wider range of courses to young people who transfer from special schools and there are currently 20 young people accessing mainstream courses
- There are good working relationship between services
- Personalisation pilot underway in LDP
- The use if Individual Budgets is planned for young people in transition from 2010
- Person Centred Planning in place for all young adults in LDP
- A Review of Partnership Board has been completed
- A new transition resource was provided for Adults through Area 51 in 2009
- An Autistic Spectrum Disorder (ASD) Steering Group has been established to consider ASD specific provision for young adults
- Training has been provided for GPs to support the monitoring of health checks
- There is improved liaison between Adults and acute hospitals.

8.6 The panel noted that the Service has identified the need to improve transition for young people with Additional Needs, Learning Difficulties and Disabilities, including young people with special educational needs but without a statement, young people with mental health difficulties and young people leaving care. There is also a need to ensure all planning reflected the National Transitional Programme to raise standards and to learn from best practice identified through this process and also the Personalisation Agenda. Greater emphasis also needs to be placed on the key roles young people and their families, separately and jointly have on this agenda.

8.7 My Service at 18

My Service at 18 has been established as a joint strategic transition planning group between C&YPS and Adults LP, in the past each Directorate had its own strategic group with representation from the Directorates on each, the new strategic group comprises representatives from Statutory and voluntary services, parents and providers. The group had its first away day and agreed a joint action and delivery programme comprising of short, medium and long term goals and will report to The Disabilities Forum, the Children's Trust and to the Learning Disability Partnership Board also the Well Being Stream Board, linking to the Haringey Strategic Partnership.

- 8.8 The Group also identified the need to review the multi agency pathways. The revised pathways include short, medium and long term goals within a two year timeframe. An example is to reframe the fourteen plus panel to the Transition Support Panel and to map out how all the Pathways are linked. Clarification of all eligibility criteria and identification of key people in all agencies and clear roles and responsibilities would be required.
- 8.9 The Panel were informed that Children and adult services have recognised the need to further review and develop these services and this work had begun. The first step was the joining together of two transition steering groups separately located in the CYPS and ACCS. (Adult, Culture and Community Services). The newly established steering group "my service at 18" quickly identified four work streams; following this an away day was organised to agree a strategic plan and delivery programme. The delivery programme includes short medium and long term goals and four work streams namely:
 - 1. Needs analysis of specific complex needs/mapping of services in Children's and Adults.
 - 2 Protocol, procedures and pathways.
 - 3. Social Inclusion and Personalisation
 - 4. Information, partnership ad consultation.
- 8.10 The very successful day was attended by over forty stakeholders (see appendix 1 for list of attendees). The day was characterised by a commitment to be forward looking.

9.0 Terms of Reference

9.1 The Terms of reference were agreed as follows:

"To assess the current transition services available to young people moving between children's and adult services specifically to provide an objective view of these services and whether they provide value for money." This will include reviewing:

- How children with special needs, disabilities and mental health issues are transferred from services delivered by children's services to adult services. This will cover planning, consultation and the handover of responsibility.
- What is done for those children who do not meet the eligibility for adult services but who need some kind of lower-level support?
- To consider how the implementation of the National Guidance on transition support programme is ensured in Haringey.

10.0 Timescale

10.1 The review aims to report to the Overview and Scrutiny Committee by March 2010. The recommendations will then go to Cabinet and other bodies, for example NHS Haringey, following this.

	Nov	D	ec	Jan 10	Feb	Mar.	Apr.
Scoping							
Meetings							
Consultation with service users							
Reporting							
OSC							
Cabinet							

11.0 Engagement:

- 11.1 The Panel learned that young people and their families have been consulted about their expectations for their future and what are the barriers and what would help the transition process. Families have been consulted through the Aiming High programme in addition to the on going work initiated by the AEN/SEN Parent /carers Forum.
- 11.2 The ASD steering Group is looking at the development of autism specific provision for young adults post transition was informed by parents carrying out small group and individual discussions on their experiences to date, good practice and gaps in the provision.

- 11.3 The Learning Disability Partnership Board has parent representatives of young people in transition. On 21st October 2009 Haringey Learning disability Partnership hosted an Away Day to enable the Service to look at the work they wished the Partnership board to undertake. Scott Watkins, co- National Director of the Valuing People Team and Debbie Robinson, London Regional lead attended the morning session. Discussion on the day included how to improve service for young people and their families. Representatives of services such as housing and leisure also attended. In addition parents who are also members of the Partnership Board and other carer forums now lead on service developments and their work with Autistic Spectrum Disorder provision is an example of this outcome.
- 11.4 A parent has agreed to keep a transition diary for her 14 year old daughter with Down Syndrome. The aim is to recruit other parent and their young people to so other diaries.
- 11.5 Date of future meetings:

14 January 2010 28 January 2010

It was noted that the Service was due for inspection end of January 2010. It was agreed that the meeting scheduled for 28th January should be deferred until February 2010.

Councillor Martin Newton - Chair

ACRONYMS USED IN THE MINUTES

ACRONYMS	DEFINITIONS	
CAF	Common Assessment Framework	
SEN	Statement of Special Educational Needs	
CYPS	Children and Young People Services	
ACC	Adult, Culture	
NEET	Not in Education, Employment and Training	
IEET	In Education, Employment and Training	
MENCAP	Mental Handicap	
LDD	Learning Difficulties and Disabilities	
SENCOs	Special Educational Needs Co- ordinators	
AEN	Additional Educational Needs	
LDP	Learning Disabilities Partnership	

MY SERVICE AT 18. NAME OCGANISATION Disalder Children's Tea 1 MERTHYN Rochester 2 Jeunette Brand NHS Haringey 3 Michael Edelstein GOSH in Havingey. 4 Tony Antonion. FARZAD FAULT Adurs; Comm. LBH Lydia bres Studies) HAIL Lynosan Hilliam (transitices) LD Combined Team Herge s Jim Goofer CONNECTORS LDD P.A. 4 Ams Rovell Hanney 14-19 Zean 10 J.D. BEET PTS. " Cunton Dillon Haningoy Council Costa Mog Si u cm () m HSEC 14 Cristiana Lanemae Heinger 1D tean Mayluke Journell Leaving Sash J. Harrise Morga SW CTPLD acatherie Hyna & Sean Milles Madifield Enha Bourton open Brer 20 SEDAMIAN DACKE LO COMBINED TEAM U Jowhan Of E Autom Consultant LISTA NEODIEN 22 ac Bb Cruż Attack 23 Hitting ac ed 24 Smit mill pon 25 Loraghe Langley 26 Combried LD TRAM KNOA GUNERSA NHS HARNAGE! 27 25 Claine Wright NTHS Hanger LB. Hansey ... 21 Eleanor Brazil Swieet Jourdeelins 20



5

SCRUTINY REVIEW OF TRANSITION FROM CHILDREN'S SERVICES TO ADULT SERVICES

Report Title. Scrutiny Review: Transition from Children's Services to Adult Services

Response to Supplementary Questions

Report of Lisa Redfern, Assistant Director, Adult Services and Commissioning

LISA NEDTERN

Signed :

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Wards(s) affected: All

Report for: Non-Key Decision

- Purpose of the report (That is, the decision required)
 1.1. To respond to supplementary questions from Scrutiny Panel on Transition
- 2. Draft Introduction by Cabinet Member (if necessary)
 - 2.1. I welcome the review into Transition planning for younger people through to adulthood and look forward to its findings and any suggested recommendations.
- **3.** State link(s) with Council Plan Priorities and actions and /or other Strategies:

The review links with the Sustainable Community Strategy Outcome: healthier people with a better quality of life

The review links with the Council Plan priorities of:

• A Thriving Haringey encouraging lifetime well-being at home, work, play and learning

- **A Caring Haringey** promoting independent living while supporting adults and children when needed.
- 4. Recommendations
 - 4.1. Not applicable
- 5. Reason for recommendation(s) 5.1. Not applicable
- 6. Other options considered 6.1. Not applicable

7. Summary

- 7.1. The financial comments below and the appendix attached contain the written responses requested by the Scrutiny Transition Panel
- 8. Chief Financial Officer Comments Financial Information

Budget Provision

The budget available for care packages for people with a learning disability is £10.421 million and covers all LD clients up to age 64 and all services that they may receive from external providers. As previously reported this budget has increased over the past 2 years to allow for the additional costs to the LD service of transition clients moving from the children's service to adults. £2.1 million was added over the two years 2008/09 and 2009/10 and a further £2.013 million is to be added for the three years commencing 2010/11. With no other budgetary increases this will bring the total care purchasing budget to £12.434 million by 2012/13.

The investment of \pounds 2.1 million in 2008/09 and 2009/10 has funded 65 transition clients at a cost of \pounds 2.3 million.

Within Children's Services spending on children with learning disabilities covers a range of budgets all primarily funded from within the Dedicated Schools Budget (DSB). Those children with Learning Disabilities might be placed within mainstream schools, particularly special schools. For those with higher levels of need that cannot be accommodated within the authority's schools they may be placed in out borough settings, some of which are residential.

In 2009-10 the gross budget for out borough residential, day and special school provision amounted to £5.1m. A £0.4m contribution is received outside of the DSG from the Learning and Skills Council (LSC) in respect of 'post 16 pupils'. At £149 per pupil our spending is slightly above the 2008-09 comparator authority S52

benchmarking information. For the group of 11 comparator authorities the range of spending in this area goes from £81 to £253 per pupil with an average of £127. However the pupil number divisor used in this calculation is the total 5-15 year old population and does not attempt to identify the number of children actually receiving these services.

Value for Money

There are no comparisons available purely for transition clients, however the table below shows Department of Health financial statistics for Learning Disabilities for 2006/07 and 2007/08. The 2008/09 data is not yet published.

2007/08	Residential & Nursing Care (£ per client)	Home Care (£ per client)
LB Haringey	1,298	286
Inner London		
Average	1,279	168
Mid point	1,307	143
Outer London		
Average	1,127	289
Mid point	1,175	256

2006/07	Residential & Nursing Care * (£ per client)	Home Care (£ per client)
LB Haringey	1,223	426
Inner London		
Average	1,181	175
Mid point	1,203	162
Outer London		
Average	1,100	231
Mid point	1,096	200

In 2009/10 extensive work has been undertaken, through a partnership with OLM, to reduce the current cost of residential care packages, recognising the fact that the unit costs are very high, when compared across London, and due to overall budgetary pressures. OLM were commissioned to examine the costs of the top 50 value packages with external providers, to review the break down of charges made to the Council and to achieve a reduction in fees being charged, with no impact on the service being received by the client.

To date this review has been concluded for 25 clients and the full year effect of savings achieved with this contract for Adult Services is £197k (09/10 part year was £177k). Once this initial exercise is completed it will be extended to other client groups and high cost packages.

The Council is working closing with OLM in order to better understand the cost breakdown of placements and to apply a cost calculator for future placements to ensure the council is maximising the value for money being achieved through residential placements.

9. Head of Legal Services Comments 9.1. Not applicable

10. Head of Procurement Comments – [Required for Procurement Committee] 10.1. Not applicable

11. Equalities & Community Cohesion Comments

- **12.** Consultation
 - 12.1. Not applicable
- 13. Service Financial Comments
 - 13.1. See Section 8

14. Use of appendices /Tables and photographs

14.1. Appendix 1- Written responses to Scrutiny Panel on Transition Questions

15. Local Government (Access to Information) Act 1985

APPENDIX 1

Scrutiny review Transition from Children's Services to Adult Services

Questions - Children & Young People Services

- 1.0 The overview and scrutiny committee commissioned a task and finish review into the transition of young people from children services to adult services.
- 1.1 There is increasing national emphasis that children, as well as their carers and families, having appropriate support to enable them to make the transition from children to adult services.

1.2 Terms of Reference

- 1.3 "To assess the current transition services available to young people moving between children's and adult services specifically to provide an objective view of these services and whether they provide value for money"
- 1.4 This will include reviewing:

- How children with special needs, disabilities and mental health issues are transferred from services delivered by children's services to adult services. This will cover planning, consultation and the handover of responsibility.

- What is done for those children who do not meet the eligibility for adult services but who need some kind of lower-level support?
- To consider how the implementation of the National Guidance on transition support programme is ensured in Haringey.

1.5 Membership of the panel

- 1.6 The review panel consists of the following Members: Cllr Martin Newton (chair), Cllr Charles Adje, Cllr Emma Jones and Cllr Allison.
- 1.7 In order to assist the panel with their inquiry we have produced the following list of questions and would be grateful for written responses.

2.0 Strategic Issues – Children and Adult Services

• Transition from Children's Services to Adult Services - What are the Council's objectives and key mission?

To enable young people aged between 14 and 25 years, with additional needs (to include young people with learning, physical or sensory difficulties, mental health difficulties and who are vulnerable), to move successfully into the adult world through strategic planning and inter-agency cooperation.

To ensure that robust Transition arrangements are in place across the Local Authority (LA) and deliver consistent outcomes and to ensure that operational procedure mesh with adult budget planning cycles.

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• How do you get to know about people in transition moving into the borough? Is there a system in place to pick this up if it is not provided by SENCO?

If a young person with a statement of SEN moves into the borough the SEN department is informed either by the previous LA or, if new to the country, by School Admissions. If the family become known to health services or another service first, eg GP, they will also ensure the SEN department is aware of the family. If a young person acquires a disability eg after an accident or sudden onset of medical condition, again the SEN department is made aware. If the young person is 14yrs+ they are automatically referred to the 14+ Transition Panel.

• How many young people are placed out of borough and how is transition managed for this group?

There are 138 young people aged 14 -19 years with a statement of SEN placed out of borough. The table below shows the range of those placements.

The school which the young person attends is under the same duty to prove a transition plan from aged 14 yrs and send to SEN Department in Haringey. A representative from Connexions in the LA in which the young person resides also attends. Once the Annual Review and the Transition Plan is received it is recorded within the SEN department and circulated to all relevant agencies in Haringey including Connexions, Adults Services and Social Care.

	Year 9	Year 10	Year 11	Year 12	Year 13	Year 14	
Maintained Mainstream	16	13	10	1	1		41
Maintained Special	4	6	9	6	3	3	31
Independent Mainstream (Day)	3	2	2	1		1	9
Independent Special (Day)	5	8	4	2	1	2	22
Independent Special (Residential)	2	4	5	5	6	3	25
Academy	2	2	2	1			7
Pupil Referral Unit	1						1
Other		1	1				2
	33	36	33	16	11	9	
						138	138

Total No of Year 9 plus students with Statements attending out of borough schools: 138 (includes CIC to Haringey whose support/school placements we fund)

• What are the key drivers for change identified [both internally and externally?]

Nationally:

<u>Aiming High for Disabled Children: better support for families</u> (2007) The government review found that more work was needed to improve co-ordination and effectiveness of local services for disabled young people in transition to adult life.

Other National Policy Drivers

Transforming adult social care (2008)

This is also known as the Personalisation agenda. By April 2011 Councils with Adult Social Services responsibilities must ensure that "services are tailored to the needs and preferences of citizens. The overall vision is that the state should empower citizens to shape their own lives and the services they receive".

<u>Carers at the heart of 21st century families and communities: a caring system on your side, a life of your own (2008)</u>

This is the 10 year national strategy for carers, which was developed after extensive consultation with carers. Its outcome for young carers is that:

Children and young people will be protected from inappropriate caring and have the support they need to learn, develop and thrive, to enjoy positive childhoods and to achieve against all the *Every Child Matters*¹ outcomes.

Children should not have to take on inappropriate types and levels of caring, which can affect school attendance, emotional and physical wellbeing and longer-term life opportunities.

The national Carers Strategy also recognises that the transition of young people from children's services is often a difficult time for carers as well as the young people concerned.

Valuing People Now (2009)

The Government's new three-year strategy for people with learning disabilities sets out a range of commitments to improve health and healthcare for people with learning disabilities. *Valuing People Now* is based on the four key principles of:

- rights
- independent living
- control
- inclusion

Six key priorities have been set for 2009-10 for the Valuing People Now work programme:

• to raise awareness of *Valuing People Now* across national and local government, private and voluntary sectors , and within wider society;

¹ <u>http://www.everychildmatters.gov.uk/</u>

- to have an effective Learning Disability Partnership Board operating in every Local Authority;
- to secure access to, and improvements in, healthcare, with Strategic Health Authorities and Primary Care Trusts (PCTs) responsible for, and leading, this work;
- to increase the range of housing options for people with learning disabilities and their families, including closure of NHS campuses;
- to ensure that the personalisation agenda is embedded within all local authority services and developments for people with learning disabilities and their family carers, and is underpinned by person centred planning; and
- to increase employment opportunities for people with learning disabilities.

Review of transition in Haringey has identified the need to:

- ensure key stakeholders including young people and their parents/carers are involved in strategic planning process for Transition arrangements.
- review all current strategies and protocols to identify what is already effective and to develop protocols for changing needs and gaps in the service.
- identify all key legislation and guidance on transition, particularly the responsibilities of all agencies;
- ensure that appropriate data is shared and held by all partners.
- monitor and review the necessary actions and outcomes for young people through Person Centred Planning
- ensure systems and procedures are in place to share information about young people from year 9 (14 years), and to track young people through the Transitions process to their twenty fifth birthday;
- provide information in regard to service changes and developments that will impact on young people's transitions.
- How is the Council performing against national and regional PIs and how does it compare within its family group e.g.

The C&YPS has a target for all young people in transition to have a completed Transition Plan.

We achieve this each year by monitoring the receipt of plans, following up delayed returns and also monitoring the quality of plans and follow up action as appropriate. Good plans give a clear profile of the young person, their aspiration and goals, their current and predicted attainment levels and the steps needs to achieve transition.

Partnership working:

• Does the service have a strategy to determine how information is shared between partners? Please explain these strategies.

The Information Sharing protocol which outlines how information is shared between Children and Young People's Service and Adults will be further developed as part of the Procedures and Protocols work stream agreed by **My Service at 18** Strategic Steering Group. The newly formed **My Service at 18** strategic steering group comprises wide representation from partner agencies.

• Which partners do you work with and what strategies exist to ensure effective partnership working –

Please include strategies for identifying barriers and challenges to effective local partnership working.

Roles and responsibilities for all partner agencies are being reviewed as part of the *My Service at 18* strategic plan.

Partners include:

Schools in and out of borough Social Workers Connexions SEN Department NHS Haringey **GOSH Haringey.PCT** CAMHS Adults LD Service Adults Sensory and Physical Difficulties Service **Adults Mental Health** Housing Haringey Sixth Form Centre SHENEL Area 51 14-19 Strategy LSC Markfield Contract and Commissioning Participation team LD Partnership Board ASC Steering Group

The strategy for identifying barriers and challenges to effective local partnership working is part of the on going work of the *My Service at 18* steering group through the work plan.

• Can you identify any partners or agencies that are not fully engaged with the Services – please explain how they are encouraged to become fully engaged.

My Service at 18 strategic steering group held a very successful away day in November with over 50 representatives attending. There was a strong commitment from all agencies to move forward on the four work streams and to meet again in six months to review progress. The subsequent steering group is now working on capturing the work of the away day in an implementation plan with clear action, responsibilities and timescales.

The work of the *My Service at 18* transition delivery group has enabled the following outcomes. CYPS and ASC now joined one group, which has incorporated the work of the ASC steering group. This has led to the development of four main work streams; personalisation and social inclusion, development of shared agreed protocols and pathways; mapping of needs including specific and complex needs such as ASC and accessible information for carers. Outcomes to date have been the development of protocols which have incorporated seven pathways for inclusion of people in transition. An early result of this has been the inclusion of young people from Leaving Care and Asylum team in our personalisation pilot.

Equalities and diversity issues.

• Equalities monitoring – Does the service have any equalities monitoring information which provides a profile of who is using the service; who is not using the service; any under or over-representation issues. (Six equality strands - race, gender, disability, age, sexual orientation religion or belief

All data on young people in transition includes equalities profiling as shown in table below.

Statemented Children in Year 10 plus (Haringey children only) by ethnicity & gender: 372

Female Male	103 269 372
Asian Black African Black British Black Caribbean Black Other Iranian Jewish Latin American/Guatamalan Lebanese Mixed Not known Not recorded Preferred not to say Turkish Turkish Cypriot Turkish/Kurdish White African White European White Other (Canadian) White UK White UK European	$\begin{array}{c} 20\\ 60\\ 23\\ 56\\ 6\\ 1\\ 11\\ 1\\ 1\\ 2\\ 20\\ 2\\ 2\\ 2\\ 4\\ 7\\ 18\\ 4\\ 10\\ 1\\ 31\\ 1\\ 1\\ 31\\ 1\\ 1\\ 61\\ 33\\ 372 \end{array}$

This table shows that

- there is a ratio of more than 2:1 male: female that has a disability.
- there is no significance difference in the ethnic profile of young people in transition with statements.

- How the service addresses any significant disparity between individuals and groups using the service.
- Comparative data- does the service have any comparative data regarding its equalities information i.e. against local demographic information, relevant survey information, neighbouring boroughs

Analysis of data and community engagement at various levels results in strategic planning for individuals and identified group needs, eg autism. The newly appointed Learning Disabilities Commissioning Manager in Adult Services is completing a Joint Strategic Needs Assessment on Learning Disabilities, Mental Health and Autism. This will afford us the opportunity to carry out more detailed analysis of housing, health, education and employment for young people over the next 10 - 15 years

• Complaints and feedback – any trends information and pictures relating to equality groups.

Complaints received relating to transition 2008/09

One complaint received. Person is female, white/Greek Cypriot. One Members' Enquiry. Person was female White British.

2009/10

One complaint received. Person is male and White British.

• How the service through its strategy and objectives addresses the specific needs of different equalities groups, ie requirements associated with religion and belief; gender

Service provision is determined in relation to the individual needs, their assessed needs and their preferences. Person centred planning adopted borough wide in Adult social care with he advent of Valuing People 2001 saw the development of a local framework with breadth and depth training target to shape the implementation of person centred approaches to people with learning disabilities. The person centred approach to planning locates the individual at the centre and support is planned according to the holistic needs of individuals. Circles of support including family friend's professional and facilitator is the model for development of these plans. Holistic considerations by definition include consideration of religion, culture, and also includes a consideration of health needs, dreams and aspirations of the individual. Adult social care took the lead in training staff of children's team to share this individual person centred approach to planning with the individual in response to the local implementation of he requirements of VP 2001.

• How does the service address inequality issues? Does the service have any specific targets or objectives related to the different equality groups or equalities and diversity?

The service addresses inequality issues through the work of commissioning and strategic needs assessment activity. However this is not just through the statistical gathering of information. In addition a range of consultation as well as individual approach described

above allows for the gathering of data and information which informs service delivery. For example following consultation with parents of people with ASC in transition and a request from Haringey Autism, a parent/carers support group, a steering committee has been established in Adult Services to look at provision for young people with autism, including Asperger's syndrome, identify gaps and develop proposals to address gaps and to develop autism specific provision.

We further ensure staff use services to meet the needs of BME communities in the most effective way by adopting a number of initiatives/ programmes which have been developed through consultation with carers in particular. This includes the following:

•Training ('Carers – working with carers as expert partners') started October 2009 commissioned by Occupational Development and Learning, and will take place bi-monthly; quarterly Information Workshops to be held with care management staff to raise the profile of BME services for carers (and users), to commence February 2010.

•Directories of services across client groups including carers, to be updated and published in 2010/11. (Note: Information to carers is a work stream of the Carers Partnership Board

The newly Integrated Access Team was launched in November 2009. The new service delivers information, advice, signposting, referral for all of adult social care, and includes a service to users and carers whose needs or entitlements fall outside the Fair Access to Care Services eligibility criteria, building on the success of our self-directed support information and advice service at the Winkfield Centre. An updated adult social care website is now available to those wishing to gain information on line about services. The link is below:

http://www.haringey.gov.uk/index/social care and health/services-for-all/personalisingsupport.htm

Hard copy leaflets are available to be sent out by the team on request.

• Has the service undertaken any equalities impact assessments, evidence on how the service has developed appropriate improvement actions to address any policy and practice issues.

Every policy development in social care is accompanied with an Equalities Impact Assessment For example the behaviour management policy impact assessment identified inequality issues and strategies to redress inequalities of learning disabled people.

The newly developed Transition Strategic Implementation Plan will include an Equalities Impact Assessment.

• Review of specialist support provided – ie language support; aids and adaptations.

The comprehensive assessment carried out by health and social care staff identifies the need for specialist support. Support planning will then ensure that the needs identified are incorporated into care purchasing. For example the need for example of speech and language therapy, occupation therapy assistance for aids and adaptation. With the advent of personalisation the aim is to give the control to the individual including individual budgets to enable individuals if they wish to purchase their own care. Changing needs will

be identified through review and re-assessment processes. Details of young people' needs are included in their Annual Review Person Centred plans, including new needs due to changes in young person's needs or context. These include communication aids, standing frames, wheelchairs, adaptations, sleep aids. These requirements will be central to Personalisation planning process.

PRIMARY HEALTH CARE

Several initiatives have been introduced to reduce inequalities. In primary health care, many of the GP practices have signed up to the introduction of a Direct Enhanced Scheme (DES) for people who have learning disabilities. The scheme includes mandatory training for lead GPs and practice staff, the introduction of a primary care register of people who have learning disabilities, and individual health checks linked to health action plans.

The Haringey Community Learning Disabilities Team provides training, support and guidance on effective communication and the impact of learning disabilities.

• Review of partners and link agencies – how diverse and representative are they.

My Service at 18 steering group has recently reviewed representation and identified key stakeholders including young people and their parents/carers. These include representatives from housing, transport, employment, further education agencies as well as clinicians and other health and social care worker

• Does the service have any equalities performance management systems and frameworks to assist it to comply with equalities and diversity requirements?

Initiatives using the Equalities Framework for Local Government to improve performance:

'Knowing your communities and equality mapping'

- 1. JSNA
- 2. Borough Profile
- 3. Needs Assessments
- 4. Case recording
- 5. Research governance framework
- 6. EIAs

'Place shaping, leadership, partnership and organisational commitment'

- led by sustainable community strategy

'Community engagement and satisfaction'

- led by Community engagement framework
- 1. Access to service days
- 2. Translation and interpretation services
- 3. Easy to read communication materials
- 4. Cultural awareness events
- 5. Consultations
- 6. User surveys

7. Specific group forums and partnership boards

'Responsive services and customer care'

- 1. Joined up services
- 2. Person centred care packages
- 3. Equalities in procurement
- 4. Monitoring by ACCS Equalities Board

The new Equalities Framework for Local Government (EFLG) allowed us to align evidence of our current equality practice to a specific level of achievement. We looked at and matched our evidence to the EFLG's 32 questions of '*How was this done and what is the evidence*?' Most of the evidence was at **an achieving authority (level 2)**. We arranged our evidence under the five performance areas of the EFLG, which will help us to improve performance to achieve level 3 – **an excellent authority**.

- Mental health needs assessment to be completed in January 2010.
- EIAs: approach across partnership is being unified. Cultural Strategy, Personalisation, User Payment Policy and Personal and Sexual Relationships EIAs to be finalised in 2009/10.
- Cultural awareness events took place at the Haven Day Centre and Abyssinia Court Drop-in Centre in Autumn 2009.
- Low Vision Services Committee meet quarterly to identify and act upon required service development.
- Scrutiny Review of Day Centre Transport involved and consulted users, carers and staff.
- Carers Partnership Board revitalised chaired by Dignity in Care Champion and has 19 other carers as members.
- Care packages have been modified to meet the need of individual users.

Equalities performance monitored and reported through ACCS Equalities Scorecard. This is provided to the WBPB and subgroups, CEMB, Council Members and ACCS DMT who cascade to service managers

- Further work will be done on the six equality strands race, gender, disability, age, sexual orientation religion or belief
 - Review whether the service has set any targets for promoting independent living for people with disabilities and impairments, including those with long term health conditions, mental health issues and black and ethnic minority disabled people.
 - Mental Health Services Review Team established implementing move-on action plan from residential care to supported or general needs housing.

100% of people in receipt of supported accommodation will be reviewed within the year with a view to moving to the lowest tier of sustainable need and ultimately aiming to return to an independent community based tenancy. The number of step-down flats in sheltered housing increased to 21. This is currently being considered as part of the Strategic Needs Assessment.

Haringey Learning Disabilities Partnership (HLDP) recognises that people who have learning disabilities often do not have their health needs met effectively (See Haringey Scrutiny Review 2007²). This is reinforced by national data and evidence (e.g. Michael 2008³, Mencap 2007⁴ Parliamentary and Health Service Ombudsman 2010⁵). *Valuing People Now* includes health as a priority area for improvement. Haringey's community team will lead on this in line with government policy and the wishes of service-users and families to receive services in their community. The Learning Disabilities community health outreach model of health provision was developed and agreed at HLDP Board for all people, including Black and minority ethnic people, with long term health conditions and mental health needs to be supported in the community so reducing hospital admission.

The development of an intensive, clinically grounded, community-oriented service for people with complex needs has many benefits to the person and the service in general. Not least is the delivery of person-centred care at the core of its function. The following is a list of the benefits of the service to service-users with complex needs.

Users

- 1. To receive timely assessment of the person's needs in their current environment;
- 2. To receive a flexible, co-ordinated intervention in their current environment;
- 3. To reduce unnecessary in-patient admissions;
- 4. To reduce the potential of transfer to an out-of-borough placement;
- 5. To maintain contact with families, carers and day services;
- 6. To reduce risks to the person affecting their health and social circumstances;
- 7. To maintain and improve the person's health
- 8. To be involved in their care through Health Action Planning and person-centred CPA;
- 9. To provide clear lines of responsibility and accountability in the care they receive.

Families/ Carers

- 1. To provide a flexible, timely and responsive service;
- 2. To support the family/carer in maintaining the person in the best environment to meet their individual health needs;
- 3. To assist the family/carer in managing the person's complex health needs;
- 4. To prevent breakdown of placements.

Service Commissioners

- 1. To reduce in-patient bed days in services in and out of borough;
- 2. To utilise in-patient services appropriately when necessary
- 3. To ensure mental health care is delivered within the CPA framework;
- 4. To ensure value for money in meeting the needs of people with complex health issues;

² Haringey Council 2007 Healthy and Equal: improving the health of people with profound and multiple learning disabilities. A review by the Overview and Scrutiny Committee

³ Michael J. 2008 Healthcare for all: the independent inquiry into access to healthcare for people with learning disabilities. 2008.

⁴ Mencap 2007. Death by indifference

⁵ Healthcare for people with learning disabilities: recommendations of the Parliamentary and Health Service Ombudsman 2010

- 5. To demonstrate adherence to the principles of Disability Discrimination Act (2006) Valuing People Now (2009), The Human Rights Commission (2008) and the Mansell Report (2007);
- 6. To assist Commissioners in judging the appropriateness of the person's current placement to meet their needs.

Impact of personalisation

The work of personalisation and a mapping of needs specific outcomes with regard to ASC have enabled the early identification of market area for development, including specific complex needs housing in borough. This has led to the inclusion through person centred approached of 3 people with LD and complex needs into shared ownership pilot project .Also support for market development which has led to commissioning of day opportunities and skills training for young people with complex needs which will lead to employment pathways . A specific example of this is the early identification and commissioning of educational resource which have enabled 10 people from transition to attend a newly commissioned educational resource which will equip and prepare for work opportunities for people with Profound and Multiple Learning Disabilities and complex needs.

The work of the ASC steering group and early learning from the personalisation pilot has supported the workforce developments that will be needed to respond to transformation. Hence our training dept are working closely with parents/ carers of people in transition from the transition group and the National Autistic Society to develop a training programme which will enable us to develop our staff and other stakeholders to respond to the needs of people with ASC.

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